# **ABL DISTRIBUTION**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Identifier	ntifier Shellite Solvent X55	
Other Names	Hydrocarbon solvent	
Manufacturer's Product Code	16225	
Recommended Use	Solvent	

## Details of Supplier/Manufacturer

Company:	Sydney Solvents Pty Ltd ABN: 51 104 642 695	
Address:	Unit 3, 10 Production Place, Jamisontown NSW 2750	
Phone:	02 4722 5060	
Website:	sales@sydneysolvents.com.au	

## **Emergency Telephone Numbers**

-			
	Business Hours:	02 4722 5060	
	After Hours:	1800 127 406	
	Poisons	Australia: 13 11 26	
	Poisons Information:	Australia. 13 11 20	New Zealand: 0800 764 766

# SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous chemical	according to classification by Safe Work Australia
Dangerous goods	according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

Signal Word	DANGER	
GHS Classification	Pictogram	Hazard statement
Flammable Liquids, Category 2	FLAME	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Aspiration Hazard, Category 1		H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Toxic to Reproduction, Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity		H361f Suspected of damaging fertility H373 May cause damage to organs
(Repeated exposure), Category 2	HEALTH HAZARD	through prolonged or repeated exposure

# **Product: Shellite Solvent X55**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2	$\wedge$	H315 Causes skin irritation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single exposure), Category 3	EXCLAMATION MARK	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity, Category 2	ENVIRONMENT	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements:		
GENERAL		
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand	
P102	Keep out of reach of children	
P103	Read label before use	
PREVENTATIVE		
P201	Obtain special instructions before use	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood	
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking	
P233	Keep container tightly closed	
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment	
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation/lighting equipment	
P242	Use only non-sparking tools	
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge	
P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray	
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray	
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area	
P273	Avoid release to the environment	
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection	
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required	
RESPONSE		
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water	
P303 + P361 +	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
P353 P304 + P340	Rinse skin with water/shower	
P308 + P313	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing	
P312	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention	
P314	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell	
P331	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell	
P332 + P313	Do NOT induce vomiting	
P362	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention	
P370 + P378	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse	
P391	In case of fire: Use foam/water spray/fog for extinction	
LIAL	Collect spillage	

STORAGE	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405	Store locked up
DISPOSAL	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Ingredients Names and Proportions**

Chemical Entity	CAS Number	Proportion (%)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	100
With components:		
n-Hexane	110-54-3	< 30
Note – product contains < 0.1% benzene		

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation:	Remove victim from exposure if safe to do so. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Remove contaminated clothing.
Ekin Contact: Eye Contact:	If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes. If
	symptoms persist transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

#### Symptoms caused by exposure

Inhalation:	Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.
Skin:	May include burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.
Eye: Ingestion:	May include burning sensation, redness, swelling and/or blurred vision. May include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath and/or fever.

#### Medical attention and special treatment

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## Suitable extinguishing equipment

Foam, water spray or fog, dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide. Do not use water in a jet.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapour is heavier than air, can spread along ground and distant ignition is possible.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Hazchem code 3YE.

# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Take precautionary measure against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and earthing all equipment.

## **Environmental precautions**

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading and entering waterway using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For small spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

For larger spills (> 1 drum), transfer by means such as a vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or disposal. Do not flush residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Highly flammable product. Avoid breathing vapours. Handle and open containers with care in a wellventilated area. Ensure that the workplace is ventilated such that the Occupational Exposure limit is not exceeded. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in contaminated areas. Electrostatic charges may be generated during transfer. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by earthing all equipment.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Do not store near strong oxidants.

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure control measures**

From National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC) Worksafe Australia n-Hexane: 72mg/m<sup>3</sup> (20ppm) TWA (8hr) Refined mineral oil mist: 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>TWA

#### **Biological monitoring**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Engineering controls

Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided. Maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure standards. Avoid generating and inhaling mists and vapours. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### Individual protection measures

-	
Eye and face protection: Skin protection:	Wear safety goggles.
	Use solvent resistant gloves, nitrile for longer term protection or PVC and
	neoprene for incidental splashes.
Respiratory protection:	If work practices do not maintain airborne level below the exposure standard, use appropriate respiratory protection equipment. When using respirators, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter for organic gases and vapours (boiling point > 65°C). Respirators should comply with AS1716 or an equivalent approved by a state/territory authority.
Thermal hazards:	Not applicable.

Appearance:	Colourless liquid
Odour:	Paraffinic sweet
Odour threshold (ppm):	Data not available
pH:	Data not available
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):	50 - 135
Flash point (°C):	-30 (Abel)
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1):	Data not available
Flammability:	Highly flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits (%):	1 - 7.5
Vapour pressure (kPa):	Typical 34.5
Vapour density (air = 1):	>1
Density (g/ml @ 15°C):	0.67 - 0.755
Solubility (kg/m) <sup>3</sup> :	Not miscible with water Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	280 (ASTM E-659)
Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	Data not available
	Data not available
Kinematic viscosity (mm/s @ 20°C):	
Decomposition temperature (°C): Kinematic viscosity (mm/s @ 20°C):	Data not available

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with incompatible materials.

#### **Conditions to avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

# Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

# Hazardous decomposition products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds.

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Expected to be of low toxicity - LD50 Oral (rat) > 2000mg/kg, LD50 Inhalation (rat) > 20mg/l/4h, LD50 Dermal (rat) > 2000mg/kg
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Irritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause defatting of skin which can
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	lead to dermatitis. May cause initation to eyes. Not expected to be a sensitiser. Not expected to be mutagenic.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not expected to be carcinogenic.
Carcinogenicity:	n-Hexane - Causes foetal toxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic. Affects reproductive system in animals at doses which
	produces other toxic effects.
Reproductive toxicity: Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) –	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
single exposure: Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) –	
repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Ecotoxicity

Acute toxicity:

Fish –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l
Aquatic invertebrate –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l
Algae –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I
Microorganisms –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I

Chronic toxicity:

Fish –	Data not available
Aquatic invertebrate –	Data not available
Algae –	Data not available
Microorganisms –	Data not available

# Persistence and degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable. Oxidises by photo-chemical reactions in air.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

#### Mobility in soil

Floats on water. Absorbs to soil and has low mobility.

## Other adverse effects

Data not available.

# SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Ensure waste disposal conforms to local waste disposal regulations.

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number: Proper shipping name: Australian Dangerous Goods class:	1268 Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S. (Solvent Naphtha)
Australian Dangerous Goods packing group:	3
Hazchem code:	II
	3YE

<b>SECTION 15</b>	<b>REGULATORY INFORMATION</b>	
	lard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP), Poisons Schedule:	5
	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS):	Listed
Da	ngerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide (SAA/SNZ HB76):	14

# SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation:	09/02/2017
Revision number:	9
Changes in this revision:	Updated ingredients & hazard classification

This SDS summarises product safety information at the date of issue, to the best of our knowledge, as a general guide. Sydney Solvents cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product is used, so prior to usage each user must assess and control the risks associated with their use of the product. Users should also consult the relevant legislation governing the use and storage of this product. We make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of information contained within this document. If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact Sydney Solvents on (02) 4722 5060